

Type of procedure	Laryngectomy
Airway	Oral intubation. Secure airway early. Prepare for difficult airway and possible tracheostomy.
Anesthesia model	Propofol / Fentanyl. Sevoflurane.
Premedication	Ondansetron ± Betamethasone ± Paracetamol / COX inhibitor
Postoperative analgesia	Clonidine and Oxycodone
Notes	Major airway surgery. Close communication with surgeon. Be prepared for bleeding and airway edema. Plan for postoperative airway management.
Recommended vascular access	Peripheral IV ×2 (18–20G). Consider arterial line if ASA ≥ 3 or prolonged surgery.